

Paul L. Foster School of Medicine

Syllabus

Scientific Principles of Medicine (SPM)

PSPM 6011 (SPM III) PSPM 6022 (SPM IV) Academic Year 2019-2020

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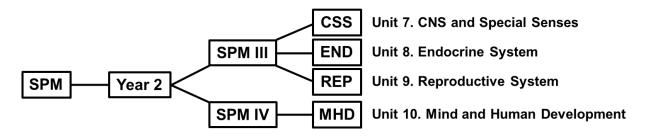
Course Description

The SPM course is designed to foster the rapid acquisition, integration and application of scientific knowledge fundamental to the practice of medicine. By using diagnostic scheme algorithms as conceptual frameworks for both learning and application, the knowledge structure and diagnostic skills of an experienced clinician will be developed from the very outset of instruction. Students will explore human health and disease within individual organsystem based units that are each organized into a series of 'clinical presentations' (e.g. gait disturbance, movement disorders, headache, seizure and epilepsy) that reflect the major ways in which a person would present to a physician. By learning the basic and clinical sciences synchronously and within the context of clinical presentations, a high level of integration and clinical relevance is achieved. The use of diagnostic scheme algorithms as conceptual frameworks for structuring and applying scientific knowledge is aimed at equipping students with the skills to make highly effective evidence-based diagnoses using scheme-inductive reasoning. This pedagogical approach, as implemented in SPM, has been shown to help mitigate the temporal loss of basic science knowledge, to help students think like experts when solving clinical problems, and to dramatically improve students' diagnostic success rates. In activities such as the Worked Case Example and Tankside Grand Rounds sessions, students will learn to communicate effectively and function effectively in teams. SPM offers a robust learning experience by employing a variety of educational methods in addition to active learning lectures. Such experiences include team based learning and self-directed learning, which rely on students maintaining professional attitudes and behaviors. By its nature the clinical presentation-based curriculum will make students aware of the larger context and system of healthcare as many of the case based discussions incorporate consideration of risks and cost. Also, the SPM course incorporates experiences and activities, such as the Student Self-Assessment component, that give students opportunities to assess their knowledge and identify their own strengths and deficiencies and then engage in selfdirected learning to address knowledge gaps.

SPM III (PSPM 6011):

This first semester course of Year 2 consists of three integrated units: 'Central Nervous System and Special Senses (CSS), 'Endocrine System' (END) and 'Reproductive Systems' (REP). The sequence of CPs within each unit has been structured so that the concepts developed during the study of one topic provide the foundation for subsequent topics. Basic information is provided for each CP including its clinical significance and a schematic representation of the relationships of the potential causes. These provide the basis for discussion of each of the underlying basic science principles. Each clinical presentation includes a set of basic science learning objectives related to the appropriate scientific concepts of anatomy (gross and neuroanatomy, including medical imaging), behavioral science, biochemistry, cell and molecular biology, embryology, genetics, histology, immunology, microbiology, nutrition, neuroscience, pathology, pharmacology and physiology. Discipline experts provide instruction using various teaching

methods including lectures, laboratories, and small group discussions. Both basic science and clinical faculty participate in this component of the instructional process. A general overview of the organization of clinical presentation-based units in SPM is provide in the following schematic:



Unit 7: Central Nervous System and Special Senses (CSS)

Content of this unit is concentrated in the areas of disorders and abnormalities of the central nervous system and special senses. Each CP will include a brief definition, a statement of clinical significance and a schematic representation of potential causes (along with "process worksheets" to be used in "worked case examples" for small groups). There will also be basic science learning objectives related to the appropriate scientific concepts of anatomy (including gross and microscopic anatomy, embryology, neuroanatomy and radiographic anatomy), biochemistry, physiology, genetics, immunology, microbiology, pharmacology, and pathology. The following are the CPs to be covered in the CSS unit:

Week	СР	Title
1	1	Gait Disturbances
2	2	Movement Disorders
3	3	Headache
3	4	Seizure and Epilepsy
4	5	Stroke and Aphasia
5	6	Delirium, Stupor and Coma
5	7	Eye Redness
6	8	Diplopia and Strabismus
O	9	Visual Disturbances
7	10	Hearing Loss and Tinnitus
,	11	Vertigo and Dizziness
Exam Week		

Unit 8: Endocrine System (END)

This unit deals with glucose, lipids, intermediary metabolism of these entities, and the disease processes associated with their abnormalities. Other endocrine disorders and their anatomic and pathophysiological basis will also be considered. The following CPs are covered in the END unit:

Week	СР	Title
1	1	Hypothalamus / Pituitary / Adrenal Disorders
2	2	Hypertension

3	3	Diabetes and Obesity / Metabolic Syndrome
4	4	Disorders of Thyroid Function
4	5	Abnormal Serum Calcium
Exam Week		

Unit 9: Reproductive Systems (REP)

This unit focuses on the male and female reproductive systems, pregnancy and infertility, sexually-transmitted diseases, and pathologies associated with the breast and genital tract. The sequence of these CPs has been structured so that the concepts developed during the study of one topic provides a foundation for subsequent topics. Students are given a brief clinical overview of each CP and its clinical significance. This serves as the foundation for the acquisition of both clinical and basic science knowledge pertinent to the CP. Gross, microscopic, and radiographic presentation of normal and abnormal anatomy are explored in laboratory and small group discussions. The following are the CPs to be covered in the REP unit:

Week	СР	Title	
1	1	Men's Health	
2	2 Infertility		
3	3	3 Pregnancy	
	Thanksgiving Holiday		
4	4 Screening and Prevention (Cervix and Breast) 5 Abnormal Uterine Bleeding		
4			
5	6	Pelvic Masses	
3	7	Pelvic Pain	
Exam Week			
Winter Break (2	2 weeks)		

SPM IV (PSPM 6022):

This second semester course of Year 2 consists of one integrated unit: 'Mind and Human Development':

Unit 10: Mind and Human Development (MHD)

This unit transitions logically from the preceding focus on the male and female reproductive systems, and spans the arc of human development from neonatology to geriatrics. The unit concludes with CPs that explore mental health and mental illness across the lifespan. The following are the CPs to be covered in the MHD unit:

Week	СР	Title	
	1	Human Development: Infant-Toddler Part I (0-12 mo.)	
1	2	Human Development: Infant to Toddler Part II (12mo-24 mo.)	
2	3	Sudden Infant Death Syndrome and Acute Life Threating Events [Self-Taught]	
2	4	Human Development: Early Childhood (2-8 yrs.)	

	5	Human Development: Pre-teen (8-12 yrs.)
	6	Abnormal Stature
3	7	Human Development: Teen
5	8	Stress-Induced Fear and Anxiety Disorders I: PTSD and Dissociative Disorders
4	9	Mood Disorders
4	10	Stress-Induced Fear and Anxiety Disorders II: OCD and Anxiety Disorders
5	11	Psychosis and Disordered Thought
Э	12	Substance Related and Addictive Disorders
6	13	Neurocognitive Disorders
O	14	Sleep and Circadian Rhythm Disorders
Exam Wee	ek	

Educational Methods and Learning Experiences

SPM offers a robust learning experience by employing a variety of educational methods including:

- Lectures (e.g. clinical scheme presentations)
- Large group interactive discussions (e.g. basic science 'clicker' presentations)
- Small group interactive discussions (e.g. Worked Case Example sessions)
- Integrative team-based learning experiences
- Laboratory exercises (e.g. Anatomy & Microbiology)
- Exposure to interprofessional education (Worked Case Example sessions and through instructions from a wide variety of professionals)
- The Student Self-Assessment (SSA) component

Learning experiences are framed around each clinical presentation and consist of three main components: (1) Introduction & Diagnostic Scheme Overview, (2) Basic Science, (3) Synthesis, Integration and Worked Case Example sessions. The Introduction session is a clinician-guided overview of the clinical presentation and the underlying conceptual framework (diagnostic scheme) of scientific concepts utilized by expert clinicians to make effective diagnoses. The Basic Science sessions are designed to help students build an integrated foundation of clinically relevant scientific knowledge within the context of clinical presentations and their respective diagnostic schemes. The Worked Case Example segment emphasizes the deliberate practice of making evidence-based clinical diagnoses using basic science knowledge and scheme-inductive diagnostic reasoning; here, a high level of student engagement is promoted in a clinician-tutored small group or team-based learning format.

Tankside Grand Rounds (TSGR)

TSGR is designed to have students integrate their basic science knowledge in the context of clinical presentation schemes and relevant findings from a donor cadaver. In addition, this element is designed to assess students' ability to employ self-initiated learning strategies, work within a team, and communicate effectively with peers and other health-care professionals. TSGR is a team-based oral presentation activity in which anatomy teams will present their

cadaveric findings to their student peers and faculty. Basic science and clinical faculty judge team presentations using the TSGR grading rubric provided in the Appendix. The course director will compile these to create a final judgement of pass or remediation required. Data for TSGR comes from the cadavers in the anatomy labs and from pathology labs held three times during the M1 year. Students will be assigned to a tank team. Two teams will be assigned to each cadaver. Teams sharing a cadaver may work together to create their presentations but each team will be expected to fully present, explain, and answer questions about their cadaver.

During anatomy summary labs, students will perform faculty-guided examination and dissection of relevant anatomy and associated pathology. Students will be required to document their findings during the dissections and will be expected to ask anatomy staff to take photographs of significant pathology to be used during their TSGR presentations. If a student has an excused absence during the TSGR presentations at the end of the second year, they will be required to individually give the entire presentation to a faculty panel. As part of the presentation, the student should be prepared to discuss his/her contributions to the presentation and answer questions on all aspects of the case.

If a group or individual receives a grade of 'remediation required' for the TSGR component, the faculty will create a remediation plan specific to the weaknesses observed. This may include presentation of another case or preparation of other elements for presentation.

Competencies, Program Goals and Objectives, and Outcome Measures

The Paul L. Foster School of Medicine education program goals and objectives are outcome-based statements that guide instruction and assessment as you develop the knowledge and abilities expected of a physician. All elements of the PLFSOM curriculum are derived from and contribute to the fulfillment of one or more of the medical education program's goals and objectives, which can be found at <u>PLFSOM PGOs</u>. SPM is designed to meet the following PLFSOM Medical Education Program Goals and Objectives:

Patie	nt Care	
Educa	ational Program Objectives	Outcome Measures
1.1	Gather essential information about patients and their conditions through history taking, physical examination, and the use of laboratory data, imaging studies, and other tests.	 Exam – Institutionally Developed, Written/Computer-based (Weekly SPM formative exams; End-of-unit SPM summative exams)
1.2	Make informed decisions about diagnostic and therapeutic interventions based on patient information and preferences, up-to-date scientific evidence, and clinical judgment.	 Exam – Institutionally Developed, Written/Computer-based (Weekly SPM formative exams; End-of-unit SPM summative exams)
1.3	For a given clinical presentation, use data derived from the history, physical examination, imaging and/or laboratory investigation to categorize the	 Exam – Institutionally Developed, Written/Computer-based (Weekly SPM formative exams; End-of-unit SPM summative exams)

	disease process and generate and prioritize a focused list of diagnostic considerations.	
1.6	Describe and propose treatments appropriate to the patient's condition and preferences.	 Exam – Institutionally Developed, Written/Computer-based (Weekly SPM formative exams; End-of-unit SPM summative exams)
Know	vledge for Practice	
Educa	ational Program Objectives	Outcome Measures
2.1	Compare and contrast normal variation and pathological states in the structure and function of the human body across the life span.	 Exam – Institutionally Developed, Written/Computer-based (Weekly SPM formative exams; End-of-unit SPM summative exams) Exam – Nationally Normed/Standardized, Subject (NBME CBSE) Narrative Assessment (Tankside Grand Rounds Rubric)
2.2	Apply established and emerging foundational/basic science principles to health care.	 Exam – Institutionally Developed, Written/Computer-based (Weekly SPM formative exams; End-of-unit SPM summative exams) Exam – Nationally Normed/Standardized, Subject (NBME CBSE) Narrative Assessment (Tankside Grand Rounds Rubric)
2.3	Apply evidenced-based principles of clinical sciences to diagnostic and therapeutic decision-making and clinical problem solving.	 Exam – Institutionally Developed, Written/Computer-based (Weekly SPM formative exams; End-of-unit SPM summative exams) Exam – Nationally Normed/Standardized, Subject (NBME CBSE) Narrative Assessment (Tankside Grand Rounds Rubric)
2.4	Apply principles of epidemiological sciences to the identification of health problems, risk factors, treatment strategies, resources, and disease prevention/health promotion efforts for patients and populations.	 Exam – Nationally Normed/Standardized, Subject (NBME CBSE)
2.5	Apply principles of social-behavioral sciences to patient care including assessment of the impact of psychosocial, cultural, and societal influences on health, disease, care seeking, adherence and barriers to care.	 Exam – Nationally Normed/Standardized, Subject (NBME CBSE)

Intern	ersonal and Communication Skills		
	cional Program Objectives	Outcome Measures	
4.2	Communicate effectively with colleagues and other health care professionals.	 Narrative Assessment (Small-group assessment rubric) Narrative Assessment (Tankside Grand Rounds Rubric) 	
4.3	Communicate with sensitivity, honesty, compassion and empathy.	Narrative Assessment (Tankside Grand Rounds Rubric)	
4.4	Maintain comprehensive and timely medical records.	Narrative Assessment (Tankside Grand Rounds Rubric)	
Profes	ssionalism		
Educat	cional Program Objectives	Outcome Measures	
5.1	Demonstrate sensitivity, compassion, integrity and respect for all people.	 Narrative Assessment (Small-group assessment rubric) Narrative Assessment (Professionalism Event Card) Narrative Assessment (Tankside Grand Rounds Rubric) 	
5.3	Demonstrate accountability to patients and fellow members of the health care team.	 Narrative Assessment (Small-group assessment rubric) Narrative Assessment (Professionalism Event Card) Narrative Assessment (Tankside Grand Rounds Rubric) 	
5.6	Demonstrate honesty in all professional and academic interactions.	 Narrative Assessment (Small-group assessment rubric) Narrative Assessment (Professionalism Event Card) 	
5.7	Meet professional and academic commitments and obligations.	 Narrative Assessment (Professionalism Event Card) Narrative Assessment (Tankside Grand Rounds Rubric) 	
Interp	rofessional Collaboration		
Educat	cional Program Objectives	Outcome Measures	
7.3	Function effectively both as a team leader and team member.	 Narrative Assessment (Small-group assessment rubric) Narrative Assessment (Tankside Grand Rounds Rubric) 	
Personal and Professional Development			
	cional Program Objectives	Outcome Measures	
8.5	Demonstrate the ability to employ self-initiated learning strategies (problem definition, identification of learning resources and critical	Narrative Assessment (Tankside Grand Rounds Rubric)	

	appraisal of information) when approaching new	
Detien	challenges, problems or unfamiliar situations.	
	t Care	O Landara Managara
1.1	Gather essential information about patients and their conditions through history taking, physical examination, and the use of laboratory data, imaging studies, and other tests.	 Outcome Measures Exam – Institutionally Developed, Written/Computer-based (Weekly SPM formative exams; End-of-unit SPM summative exams)
1.2	Make informed decisions about diagnostic and therapeutic interventions based on patient information and preferences, up-to-date scientific evidence, and clinical judgment.	 Exam – Institutionally Developed, Written/Computer-based (Weekly SPM formative exams; End-of-unit SPM summative exams)
1.3	For a given clinical presentation, use data derived from the history, physical examination, imaging and/or laboratory investigation to categorize the disease process and generate and prioritize a focused list of diagnostic considerations.	 Exam – Institutionally Developed, Written/Computer-based (Weekly SPM formative exams; End-of-unit SPM summative exams)
1.6	Describe and propose treatments appropriate to the patient's condition and preferences.	 Exam – Institutionally Developed, Written/Computer-based (Weekly SPM formative exams; End-of-unit SPM summative exams)
Knowl	edge for Practice	
Educa	tional Program Objectives	Outcome Measures
2.1	Compare and contrast normal variation and pathological states in the structure and function of the human body across the life span.	 Exam – Institutionally Developed, Written/Computer-based (Weekly SPM formative exams; End-of-unit SPM summative exams)
2.2	Apply established and emerging foundational/basic science principles to health care.	 Exam – Institutionally Developed, Written/Computer-based (Weekly SPM formative exams; End-of-unit SPM summative exams)
2.3	Apply evidenced-based principles of clinical sciences to diagnostic and therapeutic decision-making and clinical problem solving.	 Exam – Institutionally Developed, Written/Computer-based (Weekly SPM formative exams; End-of-unit SPM summative exams)
	ersonal and Communication Skills	
	cional Program Objectives	Outcome Measures
4.2	Communicate effectively with colleagues and other health care professionals.	Narrative Assessment (Small- group assessment rubric)
	ssionalism	
	cional Program Objectives	Outcome Measures
5.1	Demonstrate sensitivity, compassion, integrity and	 Narrative Assessment (Small-

		 Narrative Assessment (Professionalism Event Card) 				
5.3	Demonstrate accountability to patients and fellow members of the health care team.	 Narrative Assessment (Small-group assessment rubric) Narrative Assessment (Professionalism Event Card) 				
5.6	Demonstrate honesty in all professional and academic interactions.	 Narrative Assessment (Small-group assessment rubric) Narrative Assessment (Professionalism Event Card) 				
5.7	Meet professional and academic commitments and obligations.	 Narrative Assessment (Professionalism Event Card) 				
Interprofessional Collaboration						
Educational Program Objectives		Outcome Measures				
7.3	Function effectively both as a team leader and team member.	Narrative Assessment (Small- group assessment rubric)				

Grading System

SPM is a pass/fail course. Successful passage requires that the student has not only achieved a level of competency as measured by performance on summative assessments, but has also demonstrated a commitment to professional responsibility by being an active participant in the educational experience that is defined by the curriculum.

Formative and Summative Assessments

Regular formative student assessment and feedback are an important part of the educational experience. Students will receive feedback from Worked Case Example preceptors on a weekly basis. Worked Case Example feedback includes a list of descriptive adjectives that represent the student's attitudes, professionalism and preparation, often accompanied by a brief written narrative. USMLE-style formative assessments will be provided each week to allow students to monitor progress and to identify potential deficiencies that warrant early remediation through self-study. Grades on formative assessments are for diagnostic purposes only and do not count towards the student's final grade. Weekly formative assessments are listed on the CHAMP calendar view under 'asynchronous learning', and will be made available during the weekly formative testing window (12 PM Friday until 5 PM Monday). Once each formative assessment is completed, students will have the opportunity to review their score along with the answers and explanations for each question. Each student will also receive an individual e-mail listing the learning objectives that are linked to questions they missed. Note that formative assessment performance reports will be automatically generated at 12 AM on Mondays unless indicated otherwise on the CHAMP calendar. These reports will be used to calculate class statistics, to send out individualized lists of missed learning objectives, and to populate the formative score tables on each student's e-portfolio. Consequently, students who don't complete a formative assessment prior to the automatic reporting deadline will not receive an e-mail containing missed learning objectives and will see a score of '0' on their e-portfolio entry for that formative. Each formative assessment will be subsequently available for students to retake and review for the duration of the pre-clerkship curriculum.

USMLE-style end-of-unit summative (formal) exams will be given at the end of SPM Units 7-10. Up to 10% of the content featured on these summative exams will be cumulative; these items will be taken from formative quizzes in prior units. In accordance with institutional policy, students are required to use their own laptops for all computer based assessments including end-of-unit summative exams. For more information regarding this requirement, refer to the "Bring Your Own Device" policy in the <u>PLFSOM Student Handbook</u>.

Tardiness for a summative assessment is disruptive, unprofessional, discourteous, and strongly discouraged. Students who arrive up to 10 minutes late for an assessment will be permitted entry to the assessment area entirely at the discretion of the chief proctor and with regard to the effect that such entry may have on the students already present in the assessment environment. Students who are permitted late entry to the assessment will receive a

professionalism event card and must finish at the scheduled end time. Students who arrive more than 10 minutes late for an assessment will be denied entry and recorded as absent. An unexcused absence from a summative assessment will result in an initial grade of 'Fail' for the unit and an associated grade of 'DE' (Deferred) for the SPM semester course. Excused absences are granted through the Office of Student Affairs (see 'Course Policies and Procedures').

SPM Unit and Semester Grade Determinations

The semester courses SPM III and IV must be passed in order to progress to the third year. The SPM grading and promotion policy is designed to provide students with ample opportunity to demonstrate satisfactory knowledge and skills.

Detailed information regarding institutional and school-level grading procedures and transcript notations can be found in the TTUHSC-EP 'Grading Procedures and Academic Regulations' (HSCEP OP 77.19) policy and PLFSOM 'Grading, Promotion, and Academic Standing' (GPAS) policy. SPM assessment and grading guidelines are summarized as follows:

1. SPM Unit Grade (within a semester course)

Unit and Course Directors are responsible for determining student progress. To receive a grade of pass (PA) for each SPM unit, a student must achieve a minimum summative exam score of 65%.

2. SPM Semester Course Grade

Progress within the course will be determined by the Course Directors based on the student's performance in the Units of the course.

- 1) Grading
 - A. Pass (PA): All Units must be passed.
 - B. **Deferred (DE):**
 - a) If one or two SPM units are failed in the first semester, the first semester course grade will initially be recorded as 'Deferred' (DE) and will be revised to 'Pass' (PA) or 'Fail' (FA) pending the outcome of unit remediation during the optional January remediation date and/or at the end of the academic year.
 - b) If one unit is failed in the second semester, the second semester course grade will initially be recorded as 'DE' and will be revised to 'PA' or 'FA' pending the outcome of unit remediation at the end of the academic year.
 - c) In accordance with the PLFSOM 'Grading, Promotion, and Academic Standing (GPAS)' policy, a student with 'DE' status may be referred to the GPC if it appears they are at substantial risk for academic failure.

C. Fail (FA):

- a) If three SPM units are failed in the first semester, the semester course grade will be recorded as 'FA' and a recommendation will be made to the GPC for repeat of the year if the student is eligible.
- b) If two SPM units are failed in the first semester, the semester course grade be listed as 'DE' and the student will be given an opportunity to complete unit

remediation during the optional January remediation date and/or at the end of the academic year. If an additional unit failure occurs in the second semester the student will receive a grade of 'FA' for both semesters and a recommendation will be made to the GPC for repeat of the year if the student is eligible.

c) If a student fails two SPM units and one SCI semester, or one SPM unit and two SCI semesters, over the course of the academic year, then they will be referred to the GPC with a recommendation for repeat of the year if eligible.

2) Remediation

If a grade of 'DE' (Deferred) is recorded because one or two SPM units are failed within a semester, students will be required to pass a remediation exam for each failed unit. As with the original SPM unit summative exams, the minimum passing score for an SPM unit remediation exam is 65%. If the remediation exam(s) for the failed unit(s) is/are passed, the semester course grade(s) will be converted from 'DE' to 'PA' (Pass). If the student fails to successfully remediate a failed unit, the corresponding semester course grade will be converted from 'DE' to 'FA' (Fail), and the student will be referred to the GPC with a recommendation for repeat of the year if eligible. See 'Important Dates' below for a list of remediation exam dates.

3) Grade Release

Barring extenuating circumstances, SPM unit grades will be released within 7 calendar days of the summative assessment date. If a student wishes to challenge their unit grade, they must do so by contacting the Course Director within <u>fourteen</u> calendar days of the summative assessment date.

4) Professionalism

Be aware that formative and summative assessment items are part of a collective pool of secured assessment items designed to ensure that student proficiency meets the minimum standards necessary for the eventual practice of medicine. As such, the integrity and security of this pool must not be compromised, and students are strictly prohibited from copying, reproducing, transmitting or distributing formative or summative assessment items. Any violation of this honor code, including failure to report a known offence, is a direct violation of the Code of Professional and Academic Conduct as described in the PLFSOM Student Handbook, and could lead to academic warning, probation, or dismissal from PLFSOM.

Important Dates

1. Summative Examinations

CSS Summative: 26 September 2019
END Summative: 31 October 2019
REP Summative: 19 December 2019
MHD Summative: 20 February 2020

2. CBSE Examinations

Round 1: 7 January 2020 Round 2: 24 February 2020

3. Remediation Exam Dates

Students who are deemed eligible by the Associate Dean for Student Affairs will be permitted to remediate up to two SPM unit exams or two SCI semester grades, or a combination of one SPM unit exam and one SCI semester grade, over the course of the academic year. Students are required to schedule their remediation exams via e-mail with the assessment coordinator (erica.rivas@ttuhsc.edu). Eligible students may select an SPM remediation schedule that best suits their individual needs. Remediation dates and signup deadlines are specified below**.:

Remediation Date	Signup Deadline
3 January 2020 (optional Fall remediation)	31 December 2019, 12 PM
5 March 2020	27 April 2020, 12 PM
13 March 2020	6 March 2020, 12 PM
20 March 2020	13 March 2020, 12 PM

^{**}It is essential that students choose a schedule that allows their individual remediation requirements to be completed by the last available date. Failure to do so will lead to a grade of 'FA' for the associated SPM and/or SCI semesters.

Course Policies and Procedures

Attendance/Participation Policies

Students are expected to be present, to be prepared, and to be on time. Unless otherwise specified, lectures, labs and small group activities begin on the hour. The Paul L. Foster School of Medicine curriculum is modeled on the concept of 'learning communities' where each individual offers knowledge, skills and experiences that are unique and beneficial to the community. A number of SPM learning activities will rely on active student participation and teamwork, and therefore a student's absence can be detrimental to the educational experience of his or her peers. As the effective practice of medicine requires physicians to demonstrate punctuality, teamwork, trustworthiness and beneficence, similar behaviors and attitudes will be expected of our students. As outlined in the PLFSOM 'Pre-clerkship phase attendance policy', failure to meet the school's overall expectations for attendance and participation can lead to a number of consequences including failure of a course or referral to the GPC for professionalism concerns.

Required SPM activities

Attendance and punctuality will be monitored for a number of required SPM activities including the following:

- Worked Case Example sessions
- Specified lab-based learning sessions (e.g., Anatomy and Microbiology)
- Specified small-group interactive or team-based learning sessions

Sessions with required attendance or participation will be highlighted by a star on the CHAMP calendar view at the beginning of each unit. Accountability and responsibility are important tenets of professionalism which pertain to medical professionals at all stages of education, training and practice. In this regard, medical students are expected to demonstrate punctuality and reliability for required educational activities in the SPM course including the weekly Worked Case Example sessions.

- Students will be counted <u>as absent</u> from a required SPM event (such as Worked Case Example sessions) if they have not signed in by 10 minutes after the scheduled start time.
- Students who sign in within 10 minutes after the scheduled start time will be marked <u>as</u> tardy.
- Sessions where attendance is required will be tracked using a Swipe-Card System. A
 student who was recorded as tardy or absent will receive an automatically-generated
 notification email. The attendance record will become permanent 14 calendar days
 following the date of the notification email.

Consequences

Non-compliance with the SPM punctuality and attendance/participation policy will have consequences that are reflected in a student's academic record. These consequences may include: a failing grade on the basis of attendance or punctuality; required remediation or repeating of the course; documentation in the student's academic record and e-Portfolio; and reporting to the Associate Dean of Student Affairs and the PLFSOM Grading and Promotion Committee.

Professionalism 'Event Card' reporting system

Four professionalism objectives are addressed in the SPM syllabus from the institutional learning goals and objectives:

- 5.1 Demonstrate sensitivity, compassion, integrity and respect for all people.
- 5.3 Demonstrate accountability to patients and fellow members of the health care team.
- 5.6 Demonstrate honesty in all professional and academic interactions.
- 5.7 Meet professional and academic commitments and obligations.

When a student fails to meet any of the above listed learning goals and objectives within the context of the SPM curriculum, an event card (see Appendix) will be filled out by the observing faculty or staff member. This card will contain the student's name, the date of the incident, the reporter's name, the associated institutional learning goal(s) and objective(s) related to the incident, and a brief description of the issue (e.g. 'Student had an unexcused absence for today's anatomy session and therefore failed to meet his/her professional and academic commitments and obligations').

There are a number of situations when this may occur:

- 1) Worked Case Example sessions.
 - An unexcused absence or tardy over the course of a unit will trigger the filing of an
 event card. Subsequent unexcused tardies or absences over the course of the semester
 will be met with similar incident reporting.
 - Blank event cards will be made available by the Course Coordinators to the Worked Case Example facilitators in the event of incidents warranting a professionalism report (good or bad).
- 2) Summative examinations.
 - Students who are tardy for a summative examination will receive a professionalism event card.
- 3) Unspecified SPM sessions: any faculty may submit an event card (good or bad) when a student fails to meet, or excels at, one or more professionalism institutional learning goals and objectives.

The approved process for reporting on professionalism is summarized as follows:

- 1) Faculty or staff submits event cards to the Course Coordinator.
- 2) Course Coordinator collects event cards, creates a list of students who received event cards, and sends the list to the Course Director and the Unit Associate Director.
- 3) Unit Associate Director enters the information contained in event cards into TTAS (Texas Tech Assessment System), an in-house database.
 - Information from the TTAS system will be recorded in each student's e-portfolio. This will allow the generation of an electronic report at the end of the semester which will be sent to the Course Director and College Masters.
- 4) The following actions will be taken depending on a number of "bad" event cards filed against a student over the course of a semester:
 - a) First occurrence: Course Director sends an email to the student informing that an event card has been filed.
 - b) Second occurrence:
 - Course Director sends an email to the College Master requesting to meet with a student who received two or more event cards over the course of a semester.
 - College Master meets with the student to discuss early trend.
 - c) Third occurrence: College Master sends student to Associate Dean for Student Affairs (ADSA) to discuss.

Documentation:

- 1) At the end of the semester (or earlier when warranted), the College Master will review all advisory sessions or professionalism comments and discuss negative trends with the student. This meeting will be documented.
- 2) At the end of year one, College Masters from the students' college, ADSA, and Director of Academic Support will meet to discuss each student's progress to date. This meeting will include reviewing documentation of any advisory meetings between the College Masters and the student and/or any documentation of exemplary professionalism. A summary will be generated per student and posted on the student's e-portfolio with a plan for improvement or acknowledgement of progress, meeting expectations, etc.
- 3) At the end of year two, the same group will meet to review all narratives and the committee authors a paragraph for each student commenting on the student's professionalism to date. The statement will be forwarded to the student e-portfolio and will be used <u>in its entirety</u> in the pre-clerkship paragraph of the Medical Student Performance Evaluation (MSPE).

The student has a right to challenge the accuracy of information as stated in the policy on challenging student grades (please see Student Affairs Handbook).

Excused absences

If a student is unable to attend or be punctual for a required session, he or she may be granted an excused absence through the Office of Student Affairs in accordance with the criteria set forth in the PLFSOM 'Pre-clerkship phase attendance policy'.

Students wishing to obtain an excused absence must contact the Office of Student Affairs (https://elpaso.ttuhsc.edu/som/studentaffairs/absence.aspx) by submitting a request to plfabsence@ttuhsc.edu (refer to the PLFSOM 'Pre-clerkship phase attendance policy' for more details.

No credit will be given for any graded exercise missed without a valid excuse.

Narrative Evaluations and Feedback

During the course students will receive periodic written formative feedback on their cognitive and non-cognitive abilities and skills within small group settings (Worked Case Example sessions). Examples of evaluation rubrics used for Worked Case Example sessions and Tankside Grand Rounds are provided in the Appendix. Narrative evaluations will become part of the student's e-Portfolio and may be discussed on occasion with the Course Director, College Master and/or Associate Dean for Student Affairs. In the event that the rubrics undergo modification during the academic year, copies of the revised forms will be provided to students in advance of the associated activity.

Textbooks

Required and recommended reading assignments are listed on the associated session pages in the CHAMP calendar. Unless otherwise noted, textbook reading assignments will be available through the TTUHSC-EP electronic library. A select list of relevant textbook hyperlinks is also

available through the PLFSOM electronic student portal under 'Electronic educational resources'.

Professionalism, Plagiarism and Copyright Policies

Professionalism is a core competency in Medicine. In SPM, as with all other courses in the Paul L. Foster School of Medicine, we expect students to adhere to the Standards of Professional Conduct and the Medical Student Honor Code as outlined in the PLFSOM Student Handbook and the TTUHSC-EP Institutional Handbook (available on the Office of Student Affairs website under 'PLFSOM Student Handbooks'). In particular, students must not copy, recreate, post or share SPM exam questions (formative or summative). Students who have delayed testing or remediation must not discuss the content of SPM exams with their peers prior to testing. Students must not submit false claims of attendance for required SPM sessions or attempt to sign-in for another student. Students must not attempt to obtain an excused absence for a required activity or examination through misrepresentation. Students must adhere to published policies related to plagiarism and copyright protection. Depending on the nature of the problem and as determined by the course director, failure to act professionally may result in a grade of Fail for SPM regardless of the student's academic performance according to the PLFSOM 'Grading, Promotion, and Academic Standing (GPAS)' policy. A student who witnesses academic misconduct or other unprofessional behavior is obligated to report that violation or risk facing disciplinary action. Violations of professionalism could result in dismissal from PLFSOM.

Disability Support Services

TTUHSC EP is committed to providing equal access to learning opportunities to students with documented disabilities. To ensure access to this course, and your program, please contact the Office of Academic and Disability Support Services to engage in a confidential conversation about the process for requesting accommodations in the classroom and clinical setting. Accommodations are not provided retroactively so students are encouraged to register with DSS as soon as possible.

Appendix

Faculty Roster: SPM Unit Directors

Unit 7 – CNS and Special Senses (CSS):

Dale Quest, PhD Diana Pettit, PhD Richard Brower, MD

Unit 8 – Endocrine System (END):

Cynthia Perry, PhD Dale Quest, PhD Diego Niño, MD, PhD Tamis Bright, MD (IM)

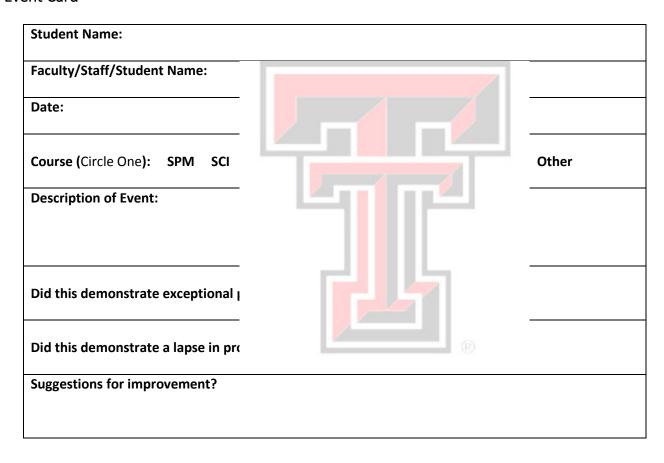
Unit 9 – Reproductive System (REP):

Herbert Janssen, PhD Gordon Woods, MD Niti Manglik, MD Jennifer Molokwu, MD (FM) Patricia Rojas-Mendez, MD (OB/GYN)

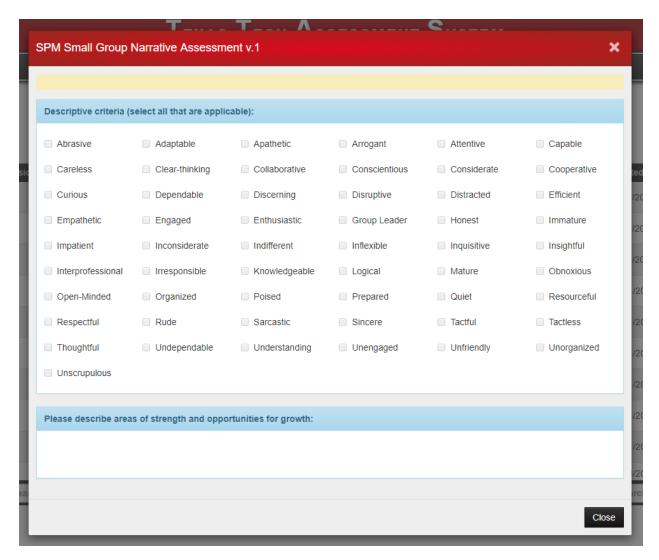
Unit 10 - Mind and Human Development (MHD):

Dan Blunk, MD Diana Pettit, PhD Brad Fuhrman, MD Blanca Garcia, MD (PED)

Event Card



Small Group Narrative Assessment (Worked Case Examples)



Tankside Grand Rounds Grading Rubric

CATEGORY	4	3	2	1
Presentation	Professional level	Satisfactory	Adequate	Poor quality
skills	presentation	presentation	presentation, but	presentation which
		•	lacks detail	lacks detail
Picture	Pictures labeled	Pictures labeled as to	Pictures labeled as to	Pictures not labeled
utilization	as to site,	site, supportive of	site, not supportive of	as to site, not
	supportive of	findings, and	findings, and lack of	supportive of findings
	findings, with	explanations show	understanding of	and no understanding
	good	some lack of	their significance.	of their significance
	understanding of	understanding		
	their significance			
Comprehension	Students are able	Students are able to	Students are able to	Students are unable
	to accurately	accurately answer	accurately answer a	to accurately answer
	answer almost all	most questions about	few questions about	questions about the
	questions about	the case	the case	case
	the case			
Preparedness	Students are	Students seem pretty	The students are	Students don't seem
	completely	prepared but might	somewhat prepared,	at all prepared to
	prepared and	'	but it is clear that	present.
	have obviously	more rehearsals	rehearsal was lacking	
	rehearsed			
Content	Shows a full	Shows a good	Shows a good	Does not seem to
	understanding of	understanding of the	understanding of	understand the case
	the case	case	parts of the case	very well
Basic science	Able to clearly	Explains some of the	Not much basic	Not much basic
content	explain basic	basic science content	science material is	science in
	science content	relevant to their case	explained, but can	presentation and /or
	relevant to their		answer basic science	can't answer basic
	case		questions	science questions
				correctly
Collaboration		Group has worked	A few of the group	Group did not work
with peers		together to prepare	worked together to	together to prepare
	together to		prepare and present	or present the case.
	complete the	only a few can answer	· ·	
	presentation	questions about the	not participate	
C 1		case		N
Scheme	An appropriate	An appropriate	Scheme utilization is	No evidence of
utilization		scheme is utilized and		utilization of a
	•		incorporation into the	
	logically into the	into the presentation	presentation is	incorporation into the
Correlation of	presentation	Como comaletiene ef	minimal.	presentation
Correlation of		Some correlation of	Minimal correlation	No correlation
findings with	very well	gross and microscopic		between cause of
cause of death	correlated with		death and gross and	death and gross and

	gross and	findings with cause of	microscopic findings	microscopic findings
	microscopic	death is attempted	is attempted	is attempted
	findings			
Recent	Major diagnoses	Major diagnoses are	Evidence of active use	No evidence of
reference	are researched	researched and	of research materials	research into the
materials	and the results	somewhat logically	is limited and	major diagnoses
	are incorporated	incorporated into the	incorporation into the	and/or no
	logically into the	presentation	presentation is	incorporation into the
	presentation		minimal	presentation
Slides easy to	Order of	Order of presentation	Presentation is hard	Presentation does not
read and follow	presentation is	is logical, but slides	to follow and/or	make sense and/or
	logical and slides	are crowded or hard	slides are crowded or	slides are crowded or
	are easy to read	to read	hard to read	hard to read
	and not crowded			

Notes for faculty (questions to ask – not to share with students)

Comments for the team to receive: