Animal Allergens

Allergens

One of the most common health concerns in the laboratory animal setting is a work-associated allergy. The risk of developing an allergy depends on parameters such as species, facility, ventilation and the employee's "base-line" health status.

Risk Groups:

- Normal: No evidence of allergic disease;
- Atopic: Pre-existing allergic disease;
- Asymptomatic: Antibodies to animal allergens;
- Symptomatic: Clinical symptoms on exposure to allergenic animal proteins.

Symptoms of allergic reaction vary depending on the severity of the reaction and include:

- Contact urticaria with symptoms such as: redness, itchiness of skin, welts and hives;
- Allergic conjunctivitis with symptoms such as: sneezing, itchiness, clear nasal drainage, nasal congestion;
- Allergic rhinitis with symptoms such as: sneezing, itchiness, clear nasal drainage, nasal congestion;
- Asthma with symptoms such as: cough, wheezing, chest tightness, shortness of breath;
- Anaphylaxis with symptoms such as: generalized itching, hives, throat tightness, eye or lip swelling, difficulty in swallowing, hoarseness, shortness of breath, dizziness, fainting, nausea, vomiting, abdominal cramps, diarrhea.

Resources and websites:

http://www.cdc.gov/search.do?queryText=zoonotic+diseases&action=search

http://www.aaalac.org/