

INFORMATION AND PREVENTION





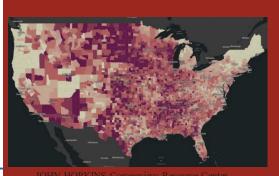
COVID-19 OVERVIEW







SARS-CoV-2 is the virus which causes the disease COVID-19. It is a new viral strain that leads to a respiratory illness characterized by fever, cough, and shortness of breath. The World Health Organization (WHO) declared COVID-19 a pandemic on March 11, 2020.



How Many People Have It?

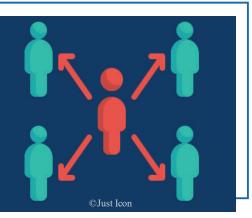
Confirmed Cases
Globally: Over 88 Million
USA: Over 21 Million



REPORTED NUMBERS FROM JANUARY 8, 202

How Does It Spread?

SARS-CoV-2 spreads mainly through close contact from **person to person**. The virus can be transmitted from respiratory droplets when a person sneezes, coughs, or speaks. It can also spread if a person touches a surface with the virus and then touches their eyes, nose, or mouth.





What are the Symptoms of COVID-19?

Symptoms usually appear **2-14 days** after being exposed to the virus. Common symptoms are fever, cough, and shortness of breath but not limited to nasal congestion, fatigue, loss of taste and smell, and sore throat. Please notify your health provider if you have any symptoms or questions.

For a more comprehensive list of symptoms, visit: cdc.gov/coronavirus/2019-ncov/symptoms-testing/symptoms.html



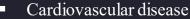
COVID-19 OVERVIEW



Who is At Risk?

- Elderly (>65 years old)
- Immunocompromised or immunodeficient individuals
- Underlying Conditions:
 - Chronic Lung Conditions
 - Chronic Kidney Disease





Obesity



Diabetes

High Blood Pressure

When Should You Get Tested for COVID-19?



It is recommended to get tested when you:

- Have been in close-contact with someone who has tested positive for SARS-CoV-2
- Develop symptoms of COVID-19
- Travelled internationally

How Do I Protect Myself from SARS-CoV-2?

Social Distance: Maintain a 6 feet (2 meter) distance

between yourself and others

Wash Hands: For at least 20 seconds frequently and

consistently

Wear Masks: To protect yourself and others



₫ 20s

Treatment

There is no specific antiviral treatment recommended for COVID-19. Treatment for COVID-19 patients is supportive, which is why prevention is important. There are now two vaccinations available, which have been FDA approved for emergency use, with healthcare workers and most at-risk individuals receiving the two-dose vaccinations first.

Frequently Asked Questions (FAQs)

For more information on COVID-19, visit https://www.cdc.gov/coronavirus/2019-ncov/index.html

Does Everyone Get Symptoms?

Patients seek health care and can be diagnosed and isolated, and their contacts can be traced. A caveat is that coronaviruses have a propensity for nosocomial spread.

Mild or asymptomatic

Mild or asymptomatic

Patients seek health care and can be diagnosed and isolated, and their contacts can be traced. A caveat is that coronaviruses have a propensity for nosocomial spread.

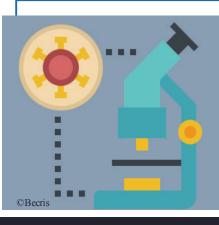
Patients seek health care and can be diagnosed and isolated, and their contacts coronaviruses have a propensity for nosocomial spread.

No. Currently, 80% of individuals are asymptomatic or have mild symptoms, 15% have a severe infection, and 5% have critical infections requiring ventilation.

Why Must I Wear a Mask When I'm In Public?

It is important that you wear a mask to protect not only yourself, but also others. 80% of individuals have mild symptoms or are asymptomatic. Thus, some individuals may be infected with the virus and can unknowingly transmit the virus unto others. Wearing masks will help reduce the spread of your own respiratory droplets and protect you from another's respiratory droplets.





Where Can I Get Tested In El Paso?

You can visit your state or local health department's website to look for the latest local information on testing.

If you have symptoms of COVID-19 and want to get tested, call your healthcare provider first.



True or False? The Covid Vaccines





It is safer to get the virus than the vaccine.

False. The vaccine is not made of live particles so it cannot give you Covid-19. The virus could cause long-term damage.

The vaccine will turn me into a zombie and change my DNA.

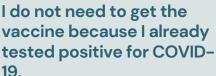
False. The vaccine cannot enter the nucleus of your cells where your DNA is located.

The vaccine won't work since it has to be stored in such cold temperatures.

False.Think of the vaccine as a frozen bag of vegetables that stays refrigerated for transport but is warmed up to be consumed.

If I have been vaccinated, I don't have to wear a mask.

False. People can have COVID-19 and netknow it. It is important to continue to protect yourself and others by wearing masks and practice social distancing.



False. We do not know how long the immune system protects you after you got the virus. You may not make enough antibodies from when you were sick to protect you from future re-



The vaccine was made so quickly, so it can't be safe.

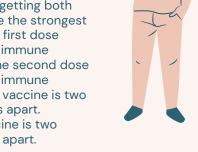
False. It is the fastest vaccine to ever be created, but this is due to teamwork.
Scientists have been working on mRNA vaccines for a long time.



I got the first dose of the vaccine, so I don't need a second one.

False. The United States recommends getting both doses to make the strongest response. The first dose "primes" your immune system and the second dose "boosts" your immune system. Pfizer vaccine is two doses 28 days apart. Moderna vaccine is two doses 21 days apart.





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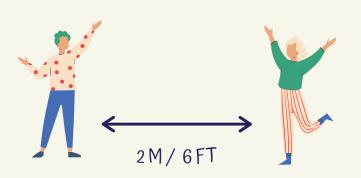


Once I get the vaccine, I am protected from the virus forever. False. The vaccine is not 100% effective, so it is still possible to get the virus.



MY CHILD IN ELEMENTARY SCHOOL SHOULD GET THE COVID-19 VACCINE BEFORE GOING TO SCHOOL.

False. As
of January 11, 2021, the Pfizer vaccine is
recommended for 16 years old and
over; Moderna vaccine is recommended for
18 years old and older.



INDIVIDUALS WHO ARE
IMMUNOCOMPROMISED SHOULD
AVOID
GETTING THE VACCINE.

False, If

you have a weak immune system, your body will need more help from the vaccine to produce antibodies and protect you from COVID-19.



I GET REALLY BAD ALLERGIES, SO I SHOULDN'T GET THE VACCINE.

False. Even

if you have severe allergies to things like food or pollen, these are not ingredients in the vaccine. When you get the vaccine, you will be monitored for a reaction by medical staff. If you have questions regarding this, please

https://www.cdc.gov/coronavirus/2019ncov/index.html



THE VACCINES ARE SAFE.

True. The
data shows the benefits of
getting the vaccine outweigh
the harm of not getting
it and getting COVID-19 instead.







SARS-CoV-2 Testing





For information regarding **testing sites**, please visit:

http://www.epstrong.org/testing.php

What tests are used?

A: RT-PCR and Antibody Testing

What does RT-PCR testing detect?

A: Current infection of SARS-CoV-2

What does Antibody testing detect?

A: Past SARS-CoV-2 infection

How do you test for RT-PCR?

A: Nasopharyngeal or Oropharyngeal Swab

How do you test for antibodies?

A: Collect a blood sample



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Paul L. Foster School of Medicine

When do I get tested?

- Show symptoms of COVID-19
- Someone you were in close contact with tested positive
- You are over 65
- You have chronic health conditions (like diabetes)
- You are in a group living situation
- You are at the hospital
- You are having a procedure done
- You are in contact with a lot of people

I tested positive, what should I do?

- ❖ Self-isolate
- Contact people you've been in contact with so they can get tested
- Contact your Health Center for support, information and resources

For more information regarding coronavirus:

https://elpaso.ttuhsc.edu/elpaso/coronavirus/



Mild Symptoms

- Fever
- Dry cough
- Sore throat
- Body aches
- Fatigue
- Headache
- Vomiting/Diarrhea
- Loss of taste and/or smell
- Congestion/runny nose

Emergency Symptoms

- Continuous chest pain
- Blue lips and/or face
- Confusion
- · Extreme difficulty breathing
- Dizziness and lightheadedness
- Unconscious
- New or worsening slurred speech
- Seizures

For more info and assistance visit:

https://www.cdc.gov/coronavirus/2019-ncov/symptoms-testing/symptoms.html

Caring for yourself or a loved one with Covid-19 at home



Minimize contact with the person who is ill

Physically isolate

Disinfect regularly touched surfaces w/ household disinfectants or diluted bleach solution

Follow pain reliever directions for symptom relief

Interacting with others after COVID-19

No symptoms + 3 days since fever + 10 days since first symptom + no cough



+



+







Be around others!



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For more information visit:

https://elpaso.ttuhsc.edu/elpaso/coronavirus/







Prevention





- Maintain 6+ ft from others
- Use alcohol based hand sanitizer/wash hands with soap after leaving an activity
- Wear a mask when social distancing is not possible
- Stay home if you are sick, unless to visit a doctor or hospital

Treatment

Research is ongoing, but at this time there is no FDA approved treatment, vaccine, or cure.







Drink fluids + Rest + Eat Well

Hospitalization

If you have to go to the hospital for emergency covid-19 care:

- Isolation rooms
 - Oxygen
 - Symptomatic Treatment



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For more information visit:

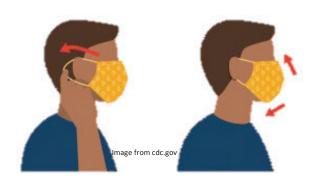
https://elpaso.ttuhsc.edu/elpaso/coronavirus/

Protection from COVID-19:

Face covering & handwashing

RULES

- 1. Wear your mask to cover your
 - mouth AND nose!
- 2. Wash your mask
 and hands!
- 3. Face coverings are mandatory!



Homemade hand sanitizer recipe:

- 1/8 cup Aloe Vera
- 1/4 cup Isopropyl Alcohol (90%)
- Measuring cup
- Empty plastic container
- Optional: essential oils or peppermint



Homemade masks materials:

- T-shirt or socks or bandana
- Hair bands
- Coffee filters







Watch step-by-step video:

- Bandana mask: https://tinyurl.com/y97bkzvw
- T-shirt mask: https://tinyurl.com/yancbmoq
- Sock mask: https://tinyurl.com/y8bjb582
- Sewn mask: https://tinyurl.com/ybkrtznx



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For more information visit: https://elpaso.ttuhsc.edu/elpaso/coronavirus/

Self-Care in times of a pandemic

- The pandemic is a major stressor that affects our physical and mental health.
- It has changed our:
 - ➢ Social life
 - School and work
 - Finances
- ★ We may worry about:

 - Infecting our loved ones
 - Money

 - ★ The future

★ We might feel:

- "Burned out"
- ★ Tired

- Alone
- Bored
- Down
- Confused

Phone Numbers

Emergencies call **9-1-1**

EHN mental health crisis hotline

915-779-1800

or

1-877-562-

6467

National
Suicide
Prevention
Hotline

1-800-273-8255

Center
Against
Sexual and
Family
Violence
Hope Line
915-593-

7300





You are not alone!

- Feeling fear is a normal reaction from our body that protects us.
- However, fear can become a problem when it's with us every day or when it affects our daily lives.
- Some of us have lost someone.
- We need to be aware of what we are feeling and ask for help if we feel we can't take it anymore.
- Some people can take those emotions and turn them into unhealthy habits such as drinking too much, smoking and using drugs.

- ★ Some people feel they want to hurt themselves. If you are feeling like this call 911.
- hit, slapped, kicked, or abused in any other way by family members or strangers. You can get help. Report abuse towards children, elder adults, and adults with disabilities to the Department of Family and Protective Services at 1-800-252-5400. Report domestic violence to the Center Against Sexual and Family Violence 915-593-7300 or call 911 if you are in danger.

Phone Numbers

Emergencies call **9-1-1**

Report child abuse and neglect. Call Department of Family and Protective Services

1-800-252-5400

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How can **you** take **care** of your mental health?



Resources

Podcast "This is Wellness" https://emergencehealthnetwork.org/ehnpodcast/

Mindful
Breathing
Exercise
http://projects.h
sl.wisc.edu/SE
RVICE/courses/
whole-healthfor-pain-andsuffering/Script
-MindfulBreathing.pdf

- ★ Set a limit!

 Watching the news and social media keeps us informed, but too much can increase worry.
- Try to keep a positive attitude. You are protecting yourself and others.
- ★ Remember that the pandemic will end!
- * Ask for help if the pandemic is affecting your life too much.
- Call long-lost friends and family members.

- Pay attention to what you are feeling.
- ★ Keep in touch with close friends at a distance!
- ★ Talk to someone
 if you are very
 sad, worried, or
 nervous.
- Know that you are playing an important role in this pandemic.
- Bring to mind at least one thing you feel thankful for.
- ★ Remember that we are social distancing, but you are not alone.

How can you take care of you?



Resources

Relaxation Room https://ccprelax ation.org/videoshowcase/

National

Alliance on

Mental Health
Covid-19
Resource and
Information
Guide
https://www.nami.
org/SupportEducation/NAMIHelpLine/COVID19-InformationandResources/COVID
-19-Resourceand-InformationGuide

- Keep a schedule for your day.
- Go to bed and wake up at the same time every day.
- ♣ Don't use the cell phone or TV before going to sleep.
- ♣ Try to eat as healthy as you can and exercise for 30 minutes every day.
- ¥ Find a hobby.
- Follow CDC guidelines such as using face masks.
- Keep an eye on each other's stress.

- Know that you are playing an important role in this pandemic.
- Find an online social group such as a book club.
- ☼ Check on your loved ones often, especially if they have a mental health condition or are elderly.



Caring about our

CHILDREN & TEENS

in times of a pandemic

Children and Teens:

- * Are affected by the stress of the COVID-19 pandemic.
- * May have
 experienced
 changes such as
 not going to school
 or seeing friends,
 losing a loved one,
 and losing their
 plans and
 celebrations
- May show their stress by being anxious, irritable, angry, restless, or quiet.
- Younger children may be more "clingy."

Keep in mind:

- It is important to recognize that this is a stressful time not only for adults, but also for teens and children.
- Their reactions may be misinterpreted as bad attitudes.
- * The best way to help them decrease their stress is for parents and caregivers to learn to deal with their stress in a healthy way. Be a role model!

Phone Numbers

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915-779[.] 1800

&

1-877-562-

6467

Suicide Prevention

1-800-273-8255



Paul L. Foster School of Medicine

How can **you** help them take **care** of their mental health?

- * Get creative!

 Engage in fun
 family activities
 at home.
- Encourage them to find a hobby.
- Strengthen family bonds.
- Set up a flexible routine and follow it every day.
- * Have a sleep schedule.
- Eat as healthy as possible.
- Get physically active and if possible, engage in outside activities.
- Monitor what they see on the news or social media.

- * Talk openly about feelings and concerns.
- * Ask what she/he has heard or seen about the pandemic. Be available for questions.
- * Reassure them.
- * Make social connections!
- Allow supervised phone calls, emails, online calls with friends and family.
- * Talk to your pediatrician if you notice big changes in their behavior.

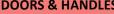
- * Be patient!
 Remember
 children may
 struggle with
 online education
 and complete
 less work.
- * Report abuse: Children and teens may experience abuse at home during this time. It is important to put an end to it. Call Department of Family and **Protective** Services to report at 1-800-252-5400 or dial 911 if it is an emergency.



PLAYGROUND & PARKS

COMMON AREAS OF EXPOSURE

DOORS & HANDLES



of CHILDREN IN EL PASO **POSITIVE FOR**

COVID-19: As of August 10, 2020 1960

Over 3 million people in the US are positive for COVID-19. The number of children infected with COVID-19 is increasing daily.







SOCIAL GATHERINGS & PARTIES

WHAT ARE SOME COVID-19 SYMPTOMS **CHILDREN CAN HAVE?**

Common

Symptoms:

- Fever
- Cough
- Runny nose
- Diarrhea
- Vomiting
- Muscle aches

Other Symptoms:

- Abdominal pain
- Headache
- Shortness of breath
- **Fatigue**
- Sore throat

SCHOOL & EDUCATION



• Stay informed with the school's response to COVID-19

Anthony: https://www.anthonyisd.net/covid-19

Canutillo: http://www.canutillo-isd.org/COVID19

Clint: https://www.clintweb.net/domain/3218

EPISD: https://www.episd.org/covid19

Socorro: https://www.sisd.net/Page/65749

• Stay current with COVID-19 by visiting http://epstrong.org/results.php



WELLNESS & HEALTH



REINFORCE GOOD



DISINFECT SURFACES

HYGIENE PRACTICES SARS-CoV-2 can survive on

different surfaces for hours to days. Visit the EPA website for a list of products that are effective against the virus.

https://www.epa.gov/coronaviru s/how-does-epa-know-

products-list-n-work-sars-cov-2





WEAR MASKS



STAY CONNECTED WITH FRIENDS AND FAMILY

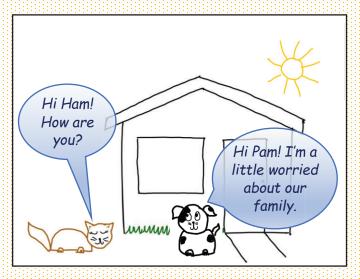
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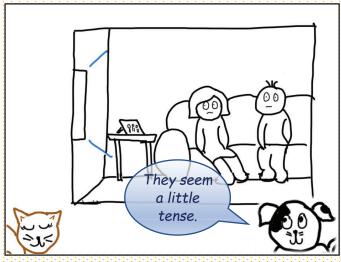


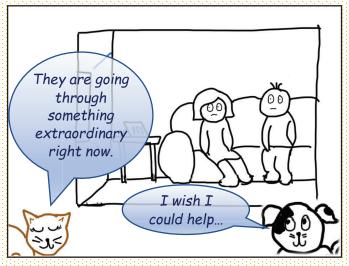
Understanding Pandemic Fear

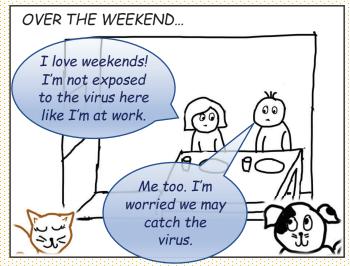


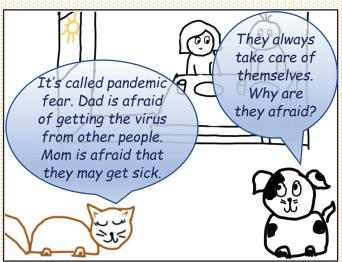
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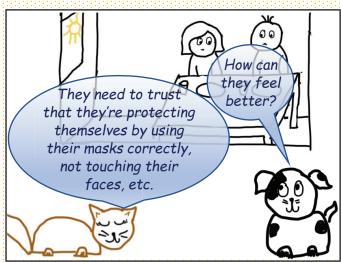




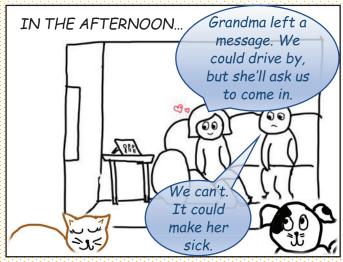


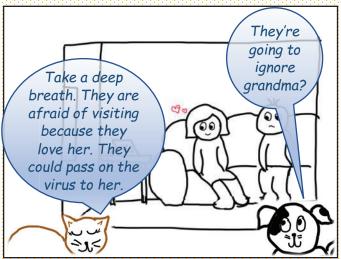


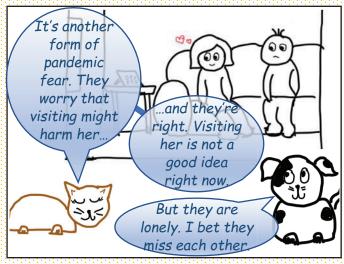


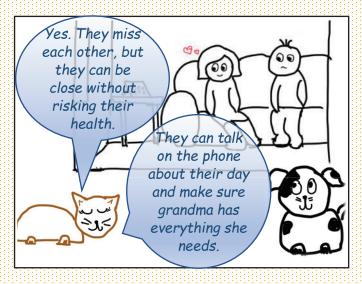


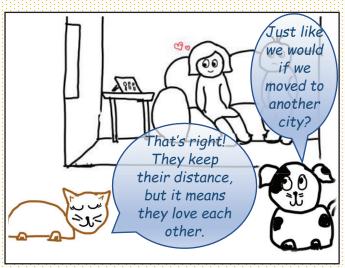


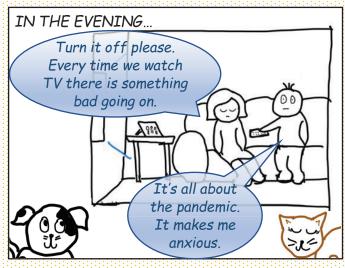


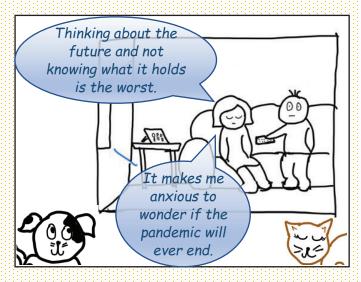


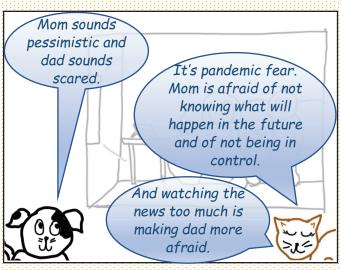


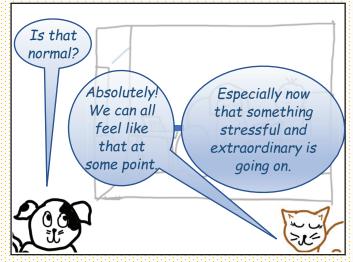


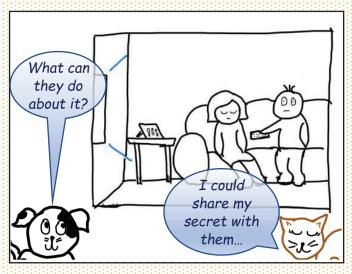


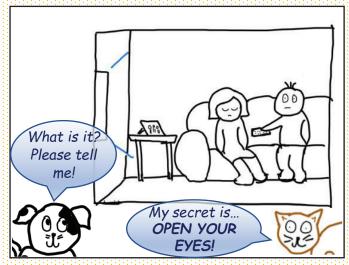


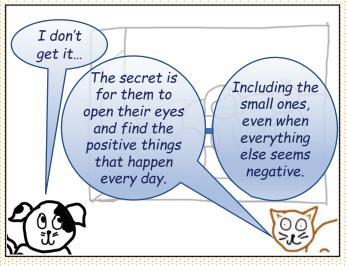




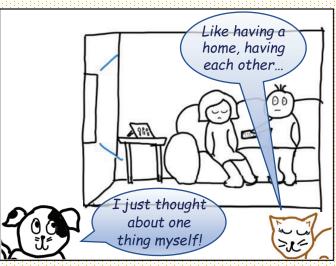


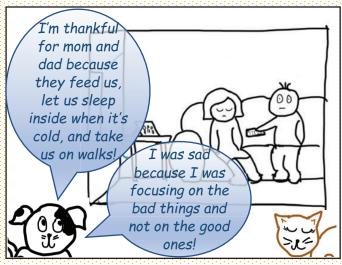


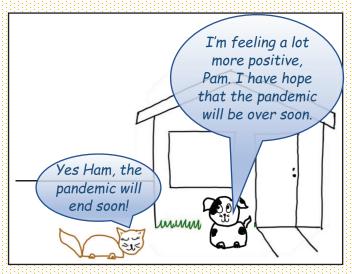
















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